## THE COURTS.

A Supreme Court Judge on Domestic Difficulties.

REILLY CONVICTED OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Comptroller Green and the City Contractors.

ONE OF TWEED'S MORTGAGES

James D. Phyle owned a building which was torn down in the Church street extension. The material of the building was sold at auction by the city for \$200, but Mr. Physe claimed that the same was worth \$27,000, and sued the city for this sum. The case was tried yesterday before Judge Van Brunt, holding Supreme Court Circuit, and resuited in a verdict of \$900 for Phyle.

UDGE DONOHUE ON DOMESTIC DIF-FERENCES.

Mrs. Elizabeth E. Thompson some time ago brought a suit for divorce against her husband, Lucius Thompson, the facts of which were fully published at the time. Recently a motion was made in Supreme Court Chambers, before Judge Donohue, for alimony and counsel fee pending the suit. The basis of the suit is alleged cruel and in-human treatment by the husband. This the latter denied, with a counter charge of exhibitions o unrestrained temper on the part of his wife. terday, denying the motion. The grounds of his cision are set forth in the following opinion, which, aside from the legal points involved, fur-

decision are set forth in the following opinion, which, aside from the legal points involved, furnishes suggestive reading for married people on the "ragged edge" of matrimonial disruption on account of domestic disagreements:—

It is not only a misiortune to the parties, but painful to the Court to be called on to consider the evidences of temper shown in this case on both sides, and it seems to me, after a careful reading of the papers, that wholesome forbearance and a little knowledge of each would, with little dimensity, avoid all appeals to the Court. Both these parties should remember that they and their feelings and comfort are out secondary in the matter of the good of their children and the future welfare of those that have the right to look to them for example and instruction, and who, in the absence of that example and instruction, must fail to become useful members of society. It is due to the community that these lamily jars, if people will indulge in them, except where the safety of person of life is in question, be borne by and fail on those who indulge in them. These parties in marriage took certain dulies on themselves and undertook to bear the infirmities of humanity that each other possessed, and if they see fit to violate the dulies they undertook it is not for the Court to interfere to weigh with nicety how far each is to blame in the matter. The statute (3 R. S., p. 238) gives as ground for divorce from bed and board-dirst, cruel and inhuman treatment, and, second, such conduct as may render it unsafe for the wife to consolt with him. While not undertaking to sustain any want of courtesy on the part right, it is the duty of the Court to make no order here, miess the evidence makes out sufficient to the plaintiff or undue exercise of his right, it is the duty of the Court to make no order here, miess the evidence makes out sufficient to confide the plaintiff or undue exercise of his right, it is the duty of the Court to make no order here, miess the evidence makes out sufficient to confide

THE JAMES STREET MURDER The trial of James Reilly on an indictment for murder in the first degree for killing Nicholas Schumaker, on the 5th of December last, at the dance house, No. 95 James street, was concluded yesterday in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, Judge Barrett being on the bench, and the court room, as on the two previous days of the trial, being crowded. The prisoner, whose chaptes looked so desperate at first, and with scarcely a shadow of nope of escape from the gallows, had a much more cheerful look. All that remained was the summing up by counsel and the Judge's charge and then his fate would soon be known.

Mr. William F. Kintzing, the prisoner's counsel, occupied nearly two hours in his address to the jury. He spoke with great leeling and earnestess. After giving a careful analysis of the testimony and contrasting the straightforward story the prosecution, he urged that in order to convict satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the pris oner took the life of the deceased with a deliberate and premeditated design to effect death; that to instify a conviction of murder in the first degree act should be intentional, that it must have been the result of deliberation and premeditation; that it there be a doubt upon the question of intent as the result of deliberation and premeditation; that it there be a doubt upon the question of intent as to whether the prisoner designed taking the life of the deceased, such doubt must be given in favor of the prisoner; that to convict or murder in the second degree the lary must be satisfied that at the time of the thing the prisoner had an intent to kill; that though the law recognizes the formation of the design to kill at the instant of the prisoner's act as sufficient to constitute murder in the second degree, there must have been, however, sufficient deliberation on the part of the prisoner to have formed the design; that the law in such a case requires deliberate design, though it may not have been contemplated or brooded upon for months; that the mere lact that a deadly weapon was used does not warrant the jury in concluding that an intent to kill existed, in the absence of other circumstances; that if the jury believe that the prisoner staboed the deceased with an intent to do nim bodily harm—some injury short of death—they cannot convict him of either murder in the first or second degree; that nothing will satisfy the law to warrant a conviction of murder in the second degree but the existence of a positive, fixed intent to kill the deceased at the very time of inflicting the injury, and that if the jury had that the act was neither justifiable nor excusable out was committed by the prisoner in the heat of passion and without an intent to kill, that the jury must convict the prisoner of manisaghter in either the third or fourth degree, according to the first of equal force, and, in conclusion, made a mosi stirring and touching appeal, claiming that upon the evidence and all the circumstances of the case the urmost they could do was to bring in a verdict of manisaghter in either the third or fourth degree, according to the first degree.

A brief out clear and comprehensive charge was given by Judge Barrett. The case was given to the jury at a quarter to wo clock. At the end of an activation and activate

THE COMPTROLLER AND A CITY

CONTRACT. Michael Noonan obtained from the city a contween Fitteenth and Seventeenth streets. He claims that there has only been paid him on the contract \$7,062, and has brought suit against the city for \$9,644 balance still claimed to be due him. The defence of the city originally was that the contract price for the work was \$7.644; that he had been paid \$7,061 67; that \$82 33 was due for interest on advances before the completion of the work, and that he owes \$000 for extra inspectors' fees on account of a delay in the work. There being a likelihood of the case reaching a speedy triat, a motion was made yesterday before Judge Donohue for leave to amend the answer by setting up a release, which had been discovered in the Comptroller's office. In opposition to this an affidavit of Mr. Noonan was aubmitted, setting forto that, when he applied to Comptroller Green for his last payment, the latter refused to pay him more than \$2,274 94, claiming that this was all that was due him; that he tood the Comptroller that he was greatly in want of money, and asked him whether receiving the amount of money offered would prevent him claiming the rest; that Mr. Green told him it would not, and that he could see for the balence at any time he

chose; that he thereupon signed several papers, supposing them to be triplicate receipts, and that he signed no sealed paper. In answer to this it was claimed for the city that this was a fact to be proven or disproven at the trial. On the other hand it was claimed that the whole matter lay in the discretion of the Court. Judge Donohue rook the papers and reserved his decision.

ONE OF TWEED'S MORTGAGES. In October, 1871, William M. Tweed obtained \$150,000 from the East Chester Bank of Mount Vernon, in Westchester county, and as security for the money gave a mortgage on six lots at the corner of Fourth avenue and 129th street. Mr. Thomas J. Mason, claiming to be assignee of the Thomas J. Mason, claiming to be assignee of the mortgage, has brought suit to recover the money. The present owner of the property, Richard M. Tweed, put in an answer that he did not have knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to whether Mason was assignee of the mortgage. A motion was made vesterday in Supreme Court. Chambers, before Judge Lawrence, for judgment on the answer as irrivolous. Judge Barrett denied the motion, on the ground that the granting of judgment in such cases would be in contravention of a recent decision in the Court of Appeals.

THE CLAIMS FOR CITY DEPOSITS. Following on the heels of the application made on Tuesday for a further bill of particulars in the suit brought by the city against the Broadway Na tional Bank to recover \$6,000,000 balance in the bank claimed to belong to the city, through the illegal payment of warrants improperly drawn, illegal payment of warrants improperly drawn, countersigned or endorsed, a similar application was made yesterday in the Supreme Court, Chambers, before Judge Lawrence, in the suit pending by the city against the Tenth National Bank. In the latter case the balance sought to be recovered is some \$250,000. The basis of these suits, as is well known, is the trregularities practised by the old city "king." most of the money claimed to have been paid on improper warrants being on account of the new County Court House. There was quite a lengthy argument, the points raised being precisely the same as on the former motion. At the close of the argument Judge Lawrence took the papers, reserving his decision.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Donohue.
Thompson vs. Thompson.—Motion denied. Opin-

In the matter of Wilzinski.-Attachment ordered.
Goepp vs. Steine.—Order granted denying motion for a receiver.
By Judge Lawrence.
In the matter of the Guardian Savings Institution—Order granted

tion.—Order granted.
New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Coupany vs. Keech.—Granted.
Mason vs. Tweed.—Motion denied for judgment.
See memorandum.
Simpson vs. The Mayor, &c.: Hamilton vs.
Crane.—Memorandums for counsel.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.
By Judge Van Vorst.
Whitsker vs. Gregory.—Judgment for plaintiff

n demurrer.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Boody vs. Drew et al.—Findings settled.

Wright vs. Wright.—Case settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Sedgwick.

Weeks vs. Hatch et al.—Defendant is entitled to security in the form of a single undertaking.

Bryant vs. Gliman.—Objections to eighth interrogatory sustained.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS. Before Recorder Hackett.

BURGLARIES AND LARCENIES. James Waters, alias James Hall, pleaded guilty yesterday to an indictment charging him with stealing two pieces of cloth on the 24th of December, the property of K. R. Sedgwick. He was sen to the State Prison for three years.

James Kinney, a youth, pleaded guilty to an attempt at burgiary in the third degree, the allega-tion being that on the 30th of January he aided tion being that on the 30th of January he aided Charles McKinley in breaking into the stable of Aiex. Thain. The sentence was postponed.

Raphael M. Seldis was tried upon a charge of stealing on the 2d of December fisteen dozen of doil muffs and six large muffs, the aggregate value of which was 384, and the property of Bernard Feigman. Counsel for the accused, Mr. Mott, showed that Seldis was a partner of the complainant, but that previous to the alleged larceny the partnership was dissolved by murual consent. When the prisoner was arrested a box of the muffs was in his possession, and he ran away from the officer. A verdict of guilty was rendered, and the Recorder sent him to the State Prison for three years.

years.

John Maguire and John Barry, who on the 14th of December stole two dozen of carriage dusters, valued at \$66, which were in charge of the Adams Express Company, in transitu, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand farceny. They were each sent to the State Prison for two years.

A WIFE BEATER. Henry Van Bergen, who was charged with beat ing his wife, Louisa Van Bergen, on the 31st of January, pleaded guilty to an assault and battery, His Honor sentenced him to the Penitentiary for one year.

Charles Seibel was charged with stealing on the 10th of December tinkers' tools valued at \$70. owned by John Koehler. The parties were tinkers, and the only evidence against Seibel was the pos-session of a soldering from which Koehler claimed belonged to him. As the article could not be posi-tively identified, and as Seibel swore that he had whed it for the last five years, the jury rendered a verdict of "Not guilty" without leaving their

Thomas Dempsey was tried upon a charge of cutting Michael Daly in the left thigh with a knife, on the night of the 31st of December, while they were engaged in a fight at a liquor saloon corner of Thirty-seventh streat and First avenue. The testimony of the witnesses was very contradictory, and His Honor intimated to the jury that some of the witnesses committed perjury. The jury rendered a verdict of guity of an assault with intent to do bodily harm, but recommended him to mercy. His Honor imposed the lowest penalty the law allowed, which was imprisonment in the state Prison for one year.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS ROBRERY. in the afternoon the Grand Jury found an indict ment for grand larceny against Daniel Haury, and

ment for grand larceny against Daniel Haury, and one against Moses Erich for receiving stolen goods, the defendants having been charged with participating in the larceny of valuacies from a safe belonging to the Adams Express Company. They were arraigned at the bar.

MI. Howe asked that the prisoners be not required to plead until Thursday morning, the senior counsel, Mr. A. Oakey hall, being desirous of examining the indictment previous to pleading. Assistant District Attorney Noian acceded to the request and the prisoners were remanded to the Tombs.

A FEMALE SHOPLIFTER. Maria Pearson, who was charged with stealing a package of handkerchiefs, valued at \$25, on the 2 Sth of January, from the store of A. T. Stewart & Co., pleaded guilty to petit larceny and was sen-tenced to the Penitentiary for six months.

THE TOMBS POLICE COURT.

Three or four days ago a man named Buckly was committed to jail for five days on a charge of intoxication. Yesterday a friend of his named Donevan, who had become jolly and sympathetic, called at the Tombs to pay the fine. He was in a funny vein, and when he got to the door he thought he would have a little sport with Officer Wilkison, so be informed that person that he in-tended to "wallop" the Judge. The officer noticed tended to "wallop" the Judge. The officer noticed he was drunk and warned him off the premises. Mr. Donevan became indignant, and insisted upon entering the Court. Repeated remains made him more persistent, until finally the officer brought him into court in custody. Here he explained that he had no beligerent intentions; his was the peaceini mission of ransoming a captive. All he wanted to do was to pay Jack Buckly's fine, and the Court allowed him to exercise his generosity to the extent of \$5. When he had done this the Court insisted on his paying an additional fine of \$1 on account of his disorderly conduct. He only had eighty-two cents, but he called to a man in the audience to lend him eighteen cents, that he might be released. The party called to so proved to be drunk, and he responded, "Give it to him. I'll go your balt."

Donevan asked that his friend might be excused, as the irost had affected him. The \$1 was finally procured, and the good-natured Donevan, in company with Buckly and his unknown insprinted iriend, left the court.

COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY,
SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Judge
Lawrence.—Nos. 83, 91, 173, 174, 175, 176, 179, 199,
257, 262, 263, 266.
SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Judge
Van Vorst.—Issues of law and fact—Nos. 131,
137, 138, 140, 149, 154, 155, 156, 157, 1, 65, 64, 48, 60,
163, 169, 351, 105, 1585, 169, 170, 171, 54, 172, 173,
SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART 2—Held by Judge
Van Brunt.—Nos. 348, 572, 1746, 892, 2338, 462, 898,
992, 672, 2290, 972, 974, 978, 978, 980, 983, 990,
992, 992, 593, 1000, 1002, 1004, Part 3—Held by Judge
Dougtue.—Nos. 1689, 1830, 2110, 2106, 1889, 1008, 1445,
877, 1119, 823, 861, 929, 1005, 2117, 2119, 1008, 93,
1007, 1063.
SUPPEMIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART 1—Held by
Judge Speir,—Nos. 687, 828, 852, 1619, 1711, 625 54,
818, 666, 1715, 846, 1886, 788, 867, 851, 861,

Part 2—Held by Judge Curtis.—Nos. 28, 896, 978, 554, 958, 988, 992, 996, 998, 1000, 1002, 1004, 1006, 1008, 1010.

554, 958, 958, 992, 996, 998, 1000, 1002, 1004, 1006, 1000.

Superior Court—General Term—Heid by Judges Moneil and Freedman.—Nos. 5, 9, 29.

Common Pleas—Equity Term—Heid by Judge Loew.—Nos. 12, 34, 39, 54, 57, 55, 15.

Common Pleas—Thial Term—Part 1—Heid by Judge Larremore.—Nos. 1136, 1134, 2099, 1165, 1252, 487, 1068, 1069, 837, 1527, 1223, 2513, 525, 803, 2813, 720, 743, 1244, Part 2—Heid by Judge J. F. Daly.—Nos. 1303, 1350, 1352, 1353, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1358, 1359, 1360, 1361, 1362, 1363, 1364.

Marine Court—Trial Term—Part 1—Heid by Judge Shea.—Nos. 1415, 1599, 990, 1457, 1460, 1365, 2319, 1140, 1100, 1357, 45, 515, 971, 1121, 1179. Part 2—Heid by Judge Alker.—Nos. 1482, 1499, 1471, 1410, 1421, 1303, 1304, 1309, 938, 559, 2970, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1528, Part 3—Heid by Judge McAdam—Nos. 2082, 2337, 2368, 2369, 2436, 2363, 2708, 2715, 2826, 2917, 3022, 3039, 2740, 2799, 1524.

Court of General Sessions—Heid by Recorder Hackett.—The People vs. L. Tice, burglary; Same vs. Andrew Rodney, burglary; Same vs. Hugh Fitzpatrick, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. Leo Whitkosky, grand larceny; Same vs. Elem Cassidy, receiving stolen goods; Same vs. W. H. Wood and Joseph Hall, obscene literature; Same vs. Margaret Phalon, petit larceny.

Over And Terminer—Heid by Judge Barrett.—

ceny.
O'ver and Terminer—Held by Judge Barrett.—
The People vs. George Weyman and Hiram Kraft.
grand larceny. COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, Feb. 10, 1875.
No. 45. The People, &c., appellants, vs. Thomas C. Chaimer et. al., respondents.-Argument re,

sumed and concluded.

No. 78. Lewis M. Smith et. al., respondents, vs.
John Smith, late Speriff, &c., appellant.—Argued by counsel.

No. 105. John E. Resley, appellant, vs. The Indianapolis, Bloomington, &c., Railroad Company, respondent.—Argued by Amasa J. Parker, of counsel for appellant, and by Edmund Fetmore for respondent. spondent.

Adjourned to Thursday, February 11, at ten o'clock A. M.

CALENDAR.

The day calendar for Thursday, February 11, is as follows:—Nos. 82, 99, 34, 49, 111, 113, 69% and 98.

JERSEY'S RECORD OF CRIME. PROCEEDINGS IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT

COURT AT TRENTON - UNLICENSED LIQUOS In the United States District Court at Tranton

N. J., yesterday, the following cases came up be fore Judge Nixon:-Louis Carty, alias J. Leonard Powers, an engineer on the Pennsylvania Railroad, pleaded guilty to sending obscene literature and merchandise through the United States mail. His counsel made a sym pathetic appeal in his behalf, and asked for the

pathetic appeal in his behalf, and asked for the clemency of the Court on the ground of his former good character and respectacle connections. The Court deterred sentence until jurther investigation was made.

James Harper and John Griffin were fined \$2,000 each and costs for violation of the internal revebue law, with having retailed liquors and tobacco without paying the special taxes defined by law. Michael Fogarty pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging him with a similar offence, and his trial was set down for the 17th inst.

The trial of Antoni Franconi for circulating counteriet money was commenced.

FUNERAL OF NORMAN EWEN.

The funeral of Mr. Norman Ewen took place from St. Mark's Episcopal church yesterday afternoon. The prayer and burial service of the Episcopal Church were read by the Rev. Dr. Price. The veteran corps of the Seventh regiment, of ance, and also the Fourth company of the same regiment. The floral designs presented as fune-ral tributes were crosses, anchors and crowns, in tuberoses and autumn leaves. The remains were inclosed in a rosewood casket, richly mounted and bearing a sliver plate with the following inacrip-

NORMAN EWEN, Died February 8, 1875, Aged 44 years.

The pall bearers were Messrs, Lamoureaux Stanton, Cruger, Bouton, Conner, Ruden, Kip and Littlos. The remains were interred in the private family vault, within the grounds of St Mark's church.

FUNERAL OF AARON KEMP.

The funeral of Mr. Aaron Kemp took place from his late residence, No. 33 West Thirty-ninth street, yesterday afternoon. The opening prayer and Thompson. Rev. Dr. Western in his discourse entered into a review and enlogy upon the loss of Mr. Kemp. The floral tributes of various designs Mr. Kemp. The floral tributes of various designs were numerous and beautiful. They consisted chiefly of columns, crosses, anchors, stars and hearts, in camelias, violets, tuneroses and autumn leaves. At the head of the casket a wreath was marked "Father," in chaste design; adjoining was a column surmounted by a dove, with an olive branch and wings extended in flight, and beautifully adorned at its base. The casket was of black waitut, richly silver mounted, and bearing a sliver plate, containing the following inscription:—

AARON KEMP, Born November 11, 1811. Died February 0, 1875, Aged 64 years.

There were a large number of equipages in attendance, chieff occupied by the members of the Seventh regiment and the lamily of Mr. Kemp. The pall bearers were General Lefferts, Genoral Duryea, Colonel Shumway, Colonel Vermilyea, Colonel Loutrel, Colonel Pond, Dr. Cheeseman and Jonn C. O'Connor. The remains were conveyed to Woodlawn for interment.

THE DECAY OF THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

NEW YORE, Feb. 9, 1875.

To the Editor of the Herald:—

I read in to-day's Herald the address made by the Rev. Dr. Thompson. I fully agree with him. There is no doubt in my mind that the Episcopal Church in this country is drifting as fast as possible into ritualism.

There is not an Episcopal church in this city there ritualism predominates but the rectors exercise full authority, not only in spiritual but temporal matters, and in some churches where ritualism has not gained a strong loothold. The tendency of the rectors is all that way. They ignore vestrymen in toto, and in lact tell you if you cannot agree with them in sift their view you had better resign. I have conversed with a number of Episcopalians and I have not lound one yet that knew what lower vestrymen had. Most all agree their power was limited, it being vested almost wholly in the hands of the rector. They engage the organist, choir, sexton, &c., and some par all the salaries, bills, &c.,: they generally begin to install ritualism by degrees, until finally you have fancy altars, candies, boy choirs, surplices, processionals, recessionals, offertories, &c.

I was brought up in the Episcopal Church, but never, till late years, have I seen the like. It is no wonder the Reformed Church of to-day needs reformation. Very respectivily.

JAMES H. MACDONOUGH,

218 Henry street, Vestryman Ali saints' Church. exercise full authority, not only in spiritual but

THE FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

The above Board held quite a protracted meeting yesterday, their session occupying over six hours. It was a little after eleven when they were called together, and, after considering several men five days' pay and dismissed three. They also transferred seven members of the department from one company to another. The worthy clerk was unable to furnish the names for publication until they had first been passed upon by the com-

missioners.

The reduction of salaries of certain members of the ununiformed department, led to quite a protracted debate, when it seemed impossible for the Commissioners to agree upon a general reduction and the whole subject was laid over until the next

Commissioners to agree upon a general reduction and the whole subject was laid over until the next meeting.

President Perley stated that the public were watening their actions very closely, and that they must present some retrenchment in the expenses of the department. No tids were presented for the new aerial ladders, yet the advertisement for bids has been published two weeks. When this \$25,000 patent was purchased by the Fire Commissioners they instructed District Engineer Orr, loreman of the repair yard, to proceed and build the aerial ladder truck, under the style called for in the purchase of the patent. For over six months has Mr. Orr been tinkering at the Job, but no aerial ladder truck has been produced. Mr. Orr cleams that the reason he cannot finish it is that the Commissioners have cut down his force to such an extent that it was impossible for him to proceed with the work. Yet, strange to say, the Commissioners are unable to build one themselves, and, therefore, have advertised for bids to build four of these aerial tracks. The purchase of the patent tarough the recommendation of the Commissioners, it is said, is one of the chief complaints now pending before Mayor Wickham as a swindle on the taxpayers. Mr. White, the cierk, states that he can furnish no specifications for bids for the same except in writing and under the directions of the came of the patent of the can furnish no specifications for bids for the same except in writing and under the directions of

## WITH THE COMMISSIONERS.

What the Various Departments Are Doing.

The Outrages Upon Prisoners To Be Stopped.

The Board of Health's Grapple with Smallpox-A Revolution in Its Management.

A representative of the HERALD yesterday made a call upon a number of the city Commissioners, with the view of ascertaining what is going on in DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTION

all the Commissioners were absent on duty at the various institutions; but the veteran clerk, Mr. Phillips, their secretary, announced that the Com missioners had settled the question of messengers fees at the various prisons, and had adopted a rect certain abuses of long standing. The importance of this action will be appreciated when the statement is made that for years in all prisons attached to the police courts of the city messengers, with no official authority, are recog nized as a part of the institution. These sharks usually manage to swindle prisoners by acting as runners for "shyster" lawyers, who hang about the "halls of justice" and combine the business of messenger with that of agent for voracious lawyers. When an unfortunate victim gets into a cell he naturally employs a messenger to communicate with his family and bondsmen to travel half a dozen blocks for a lawyer. He re-turns to report that the lawyer cannot be found, and advises the prisoner, under these circum stances to employ Mr. "Jones" or Mr. "Smith," who plucks the poor devil who wants counsel out of from \$100 to \$500, and pays the "messengermiddle-man" a percentage of twenty or thirty per cent. It is to guard against such outrages tha below. If President Baily would learn at the police court prisons, let him Jetail a friend to get locked up, spend a night in one of these orisons, send for a friend, and if he has \$100 in hi pocket upon his commitment to a cell he will likely relieved of it all before regaining his liberty.

are as follows. It is devoutly to be hoped that out of them some good may come, and hence they are given in full :-

The regulations

given in full:

Persons desirous of communicating with their friends will be turnished with writing material for that purpose by applying to the keeper on duty. Fostage stamps will also be turnished at cost. For the convenience of pirsoners and excepted is appointed to carry letters and message as a exseence is appointed to carry letters and message and be excepted in the prisoners by the warden of the prisoners of the prisoner of the prisoners by the warden of the prisoner of the prisoners receive no salaries from the department, and are not permitted to accept as compensation for their services more than the following rates:

City Prison—ror desivering of letters or messages to any part of the city below Porty-second street, fifty cents; above Forty-second street, fifty cents; above Forty-second street, fifty cents; to adjacent cities, \$150.

District Prisons.—To all parts of the city, seventy-five cents; to adjacent cities, \$150.

THE OUTDOOR POOR,
Superintendent Kellock, of the Department of busy winter in providing for the hundreds who Third avenue for relief. The winter having been an unusually severe one the number who apply cally is very large. For January Mr. Kellock reports from 1,200 to 1,500 per day. The number of ilies relieved average about 350 per day. They are generally supplied with coal, groceries, and, in some instances, money. During the present cold snap larger issues than usual of coal have

Nothing new in the Departments of Park and Education is reported, except that Secretary Koman, of the latter department, records the fact that bids have been accepted for the supply

fact that bids have been accepted for the supply of the schoolship St. Marys with crackers at four cents per pound, potatoes at \$2.50 per barrel and beef at hine and a half cents per pound.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Sanitary Superintendent Day, who has for some time (with the active aid of Dr. Janes, who has special control of the subject), peen at work simplifying the question of how to combat smallpox, reports the work in this direction. It seems that on January 20 the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, who have in past years managed the Smallpox Hospital, turned over the stone hospital and two pavilions on the lower end of Blackwell's Island to the Board of Health, and gave them entire control of smallpox cases. The Health Department have now nearly completed their arrangements, which, it is hoped, will add materially to the efficiency of the work of suppressing the disease, from which the city is never absolutely free. A reception hospital at the foot of September 100 per page 100 per 100 rangements, which, it is hoped, will and materially to the efficiency of the work of suppressing the disease, from which the city is never absolutely free. A reception hospital at the foot of East Twenty-seventh street has been set apart for the reception of patients, from which they are transierred every day, if the weather permits, to the hospital on the island on the boat Hidelty. This hospital, at the foot of Twenty-seventh street, has a physician in charge and fifteen beds are provided. When the boat leaves for the island the physician accompanies it and takes personal supervision of the transiers. The hospital, which is now known as the Riverside Hospital, is under the charge of Dr. Delaney, six Sisters of Charity and a corps of nurses and orderlies. The Board are making extensive preparations for the accommodation of the 228 patients who were yesterday inmates of it and those who are likely to be admitted. They propose to establish pay wards for the accommodation of persons who desire to go to a quiet retreat while suffering from this loathsome disease, and will also provide a residing from for the convelescents as well as lounging from, which will in a measure remove the ennut consequent upon long confinement. The Board also intends to connect the sanitary supernitendent's office with the hospital by a direct wire, so that the friends of patients can daily receive bulletins as to their condition.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Commissioner Van Nort makes the following comparative statement of the cost of lighting and maintaining the public lamps in the four largest citles of the Union—viz. New York, Brooklyn, Boston and Philadelpnia:—

Number of Total cost Lamp.

| Number of | Lamps. | For 1874 | Lamps. | For

pared with Brooklyn. \$100.407 73. With Boston. \$220.055 71: with Philadelphia, \$382.765 76.

Commissioner Van Nort has transmitted to the Board of Assessors the certificate of the cost of regulating, grading, &c., Madison avenue, from 105th to 120th street, amounting to \$245.007. In order that the assessment therefor may be made. THE DOCK DEPARTMENT.

President Westerveit reports that the weather is so cold that work on the liver iront is aimost entirely suspended. In response to the question whether the Commissioners were ready to make answer to the charges of irregularities on the part of the Board, Mr. Westerveit explained that they had been compelled to delay their answer owing to the sudden illness of Mr. Whitney, the cierk, who had the information necessary. Mr. Jackson, another cierk, had been put at the work of collecting data to answer the charges, but he, too, has been taken sick, and Mr. Lynch, a third cierk, has been put upon the work. Ar. Westerveit hopes that the delence of the Commission will be ready by Friday, and expresses the opinion that it will be entirely satisfactory to Mayor Wickham.

The following extracts from the annual report of the Department of Docks will give some idea of the work of the year 1874:—

Expenditures.

\$455.270 30 \$315.312 4.

| Receipta | Receipta | Receipta | Receipta | Receipta | Sile, 317 

During the year the following leases have been granted — To R. C. White, lease of pier No. 37 East Kiver except that portion used as a dumping board) for five years from May 1, 1875, at an annual reus of \$5.000. To Frederick hert and shehard Ficken the southerly half of pier No. 35 hast Kiver (except the outer end) for five years from November 1, 1874, at an annual rent of

ive years from November 1, 137a, at an outer end) for \$1.70b.

10 Houston Street Ferry Company so much of the whart property and water rights lying south of the whart property and water rights lying south of the southerly line of Houston street, East River, extended, and east of the easterly line of Tompkins street, etc. and a may be necessary for the construction of two tended, as may be necessary for the construction of two tended, as may be necessary for the construction of two tended as may be necessary for the construction of two tended as may be necessary for the construction of two tended as an annotal rent of \$5.00 during seaf in years, \$4.00 per annum during first renewal term and \$10,000 during second rene wal term.

As we for york and Brooklyn Ferry Company of premises foot of Grand street, heavily need to two toot of Grand street, Brooklyn, E. D., for five years, from February 1, 157a, with a privilege of two renewals of new years each, at an annual rent of \$3.000 for the first term of five years, \$4.00 per annum for the second term and \$5.000 per annum during third term, if the terms and conditions are agreed to.

10 Gideon Lee Knapp farry foot of Twenty-third street, heat tiver, for the years, \$4.00 to the first term of the street, heat tiver, for the years, \$4.00 per annum for the second term and \$5.000 per annum to the second te

MUNICIPAL NOTES.

GREEN'S OBSTRUCTIVENESS-THE HACK NUI-SANCE-REMOVALS BY THE MAYOR. Comptroller Green's babit of venting his

against those officials of the city government who are not willing to do his bidding in all things was never better illustrated than in the way he has pan. Knowing that Mr. Tappan is a personal friend of the Mayor, and that the Mayor is not willing that the Comptroller shall use him as a clerk, to go and come at his beck and call, as he he determined to annoy Mr. Wickham from the very moment he heard of Mr. Tap-pan's appointment. The law says that the sureties of the Chamberlain must be approved by the Comptroller. There are twelve names on Mr. Tappan's bond all well known to the community, and the sureties are \$50,000 more than the \$2,000,000 required. Mr. Green dillydallied about approving these sureties up to yesterday, on the ground that it required time to "in-vestigate" the financial standing of the bonds men! But, finding that this plea for the delay was rather a weak invention, he has fallen back on another, and it was ascertained yesterday that the reason why he does not approve of the sureties is that the State Treasurer requires Mr. Tappan to ustify as County Treasurer in another million dol-lars. The strange feature about the case is that just before Mr. Lane resigned he was notified by the State Treasurer that he would have to justify as County Treasurer for the ensuing justify as County Treasurer for the ensuing year in \$500,000. When Mr. Tappan was appointed Mr. Green, in conjunction with a certain party at Albany, had the amount raised to \$1,000,000. Mr. Tappan's bond for this amount was yesterday approved in Court. As Mr. Green's power of approval is confined exclusively to the sureties of Mr. Tappan as City Chamberlain, and not as County Treasurer, his plea that his delay in approving the City Chamberlain, and not as County Treasurer, his plea that his delay in approving the City Chamberlain's bond was caused by the action of the State Treasurer was simply nonsense. Late yesterday atternoon, to the great surprise of the new Chamberlain, he was notified by the Comptroder that he required him to have a new bond made out which would have the words "will islithuily execute the duties of the office," instead of will inithuily "perform" &c. When this new bond is made out, if Mr. Green cannot delay matters in any other way, no one need be surprised if he demands that Mr. Tappan shall have still another one made out on the ground that the second one was delective because the word "execute" was not spelled with a capital E.

The nackmen who made themselves so obnoxious at the Charity Ball, and all the others given recently, will find in a day or two that they cannot saye themselves by political influence, as in the days of old. The Mayor and his Marshal, Joel O. Stevens, have determined to enforce the hack ordinance to the letter. Traveliers and people who hire nacks to go shopping and visiting, should therefore bear in mind that in case of overcharge by nackmen they can always find redress at the Chity Hall. This part of the ordinance should not be lost sight of:—

Every driver of any coach, carriage or cab shall present to every passenger employing him a card, on which year in \$500,000. When Mr. Tappan was an

City Hall. This part of the ordinance should not be lost sight of:—

Every driver of any coach, carriage or cab shall present to every passenger employing him a card, on which shall be legibly printed the number of his license and also the name and stable of the owner and the number of the coach, carriage or cab driven by him, together with the place of the Mayor's office.

Owing to the fact that some hackmen are in the habit, when they disagree with a passenger about his sire, of driving to a police station to have a sergeant or the Captain to decide if their demands are not "all right," the City Marshal has instructed the Police Commissioners to notify their subordinates that not even such great men as police captains have the right to decide what is a just fare for carriage hire, and that the city ordinance is a law that is explicit and not subject to their revision. The ordinance provides that "in ones of disagreement as to distance or price the same shall be determined by the First Marshal." As there are many balls yet to come of, where the hackmen may attempt to charge exercitanily, it may be well to state that the rates fixed by the city ordinance are as follows:—

First—For conveying a passenger any distance not accepting a mile, flux cents, two passengers the same

city ordinance are as ioliows:—

First—For conveying a passenger any distance not exceeding a mile, firy cents: two passengers the same distance, seventy-five cents; for every additional passenger, thirty-seven and a halt cents.

Second—Any distance exceeding a mile and within two miles, one passenger, seventy-five cents; for every additional passenger thirty-seven and a hair cents.

Third—For the use of a hackney coach or carriage by the hour, with one or more passengers, with the privilege of going from place to place and stoppling as often as may be required. Si an hour.

Fourth—In all cases where the hiring of a coach or carriage is not at the time speculed to be by the day or hour it shall be deemed to be by the mile.

Firth—For children between we and fourteen years of age half prices so only to be charged.

Stath—Whenever a heckney coach or carriage shall be detained, excepting as aforesaid, the owner or driver shall be allowed at the rate of seventy-five cents an hour.

hour.

It is now pretty certain that the Mayor has forwarded to the Governor for his approval his certificate of removal, with the charges upon what it is founded, of the Corporation Counsel and the Fire Commissioners, Although the certificate based on the charges against the Dock Commissioners has not yet been made out, it is believed that it will be ready in a day or two.

BILLIARDS.

A MERICAN STANDARD BEVEL TABLES, WITH Delaney's wire Cushions; best in use and warranted for years; second hand Tables complete for \$1.5; Bagastelle, iripolite and Russian Bowling Tables are duced prices. W. H. GKIFFITH & CO., 40 Vesey street. Al. -STANDARD AMERICAN BEVEL TABLES AND sale only by the patentee, H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, 738 Broadway, New York.

DEALERS IN AND MANUFACTURERS OF BIL-liard tables will find, by examination, that for cheap and stydish Printing of any description the METROPOLITAN PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, IIS Broadway, cannot be surpassed.

PRACTICE GAME WILL BE PLAYED EVERY night by Vicnaux and Jos. Dion for their match, a VIGNAUX & STRAUSS Billiard Room, corner Fourteenth street and University place.

PHELAN'. BILLIARD TABLES—NOW USED IN the Windsor House, Grand Central, St. Suchoias and Earle's Hotels. For sale only by GEORGE E. PHELAN. East Fourteenth street, corner of University place. WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

WATCHES AND FRENCH CLOCKS AND JEWELRY repaired by first class workmen, for many years with Bishop and Rein, Fifth Avenue Hotel, GEORGE C. ALLEN, 1,190 Broadway, near Twenty-ninth street.

MASON AND CARPENTER ESTIMATES WANTED— do plans and specifications for the errection of three Houses in this city. Apply to H. HALLIDAY, 17 Harri-son street

NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS AND OTHER - Proposals will be received at my office, Ledged building, Philadelphia, where plans and information will be given until February 2, for the Iron Execution of the main Exhibition Building, on Centennial grounds, containing 5,000,060 pounds of iron.

B. J. DOBBINS.

A CORAL RUBBER SET OF TEETH IN THREE Abours Impression in the forenoon, teeth in the atternoon. Thrity-quitth street, the Ergod way. Sixto ovenue. Coral rubber, very airong; feeth colored, gold sets, pisitina sets, whalebone rubber sets. Plumpers, open fronts, Lip Lifters, Lip Depressers. Regulators introus oxide; mechanical ientistry. Take green cars from Grand street terry, or Sixth avenue cars, or Broadway cars. Get off at Thirty-fourth street.

A BEAUTTIFUL SET, 35, 38.—CONFINUOUS GUM Teeth, \$10; extracting with gas, 50c, ;siver fillings, 50c. Examine specimens, New York Peutal Rooms, No. 282 Sixth avenue. Established 1851. Remember 282.

A BEAUTIFUL SET OF GUM TEETH \$8, \$10—
A Warranted to fit perfectly; Silver Fillings, 50c.;
Gold and Platina, \$1. All work warranted at Dr.
WHITE'S, 165 Sixth avenue.

CORAL SET OF TEETH.—IMPRESSION IN THE
morting, teeth in the afternoon, at the old established place, 216 Sixth avenue, between Fourteenth and
Fifteenth streets. Gum Sets from \$10 and upward.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION PROMPTLY done at very moderate prices by the MATROPOLITAN PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, Heraid Building, 215 Broadway, New York. MARBLE MANTELS.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
An extensive stock of Siste and Marble Manuels.
Wash Trays and Siste Work overy description.
Union square. Fourth avenue and Seventeenth st. N. Y. AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES—AN EXTENSIVE As stock of Marble and Marbleized Mantes and all other marble work: Marble Turning for the trade. A kLaber, 1:4 East Eighteenth street, bear Third av.

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF MARBLE and marbleized mantels, all kinds of door tiling, monuments, headstones, sizes for plumbers and cabinet-makers move offering at \$\frac{1}{2}\$ KLABER \$\frac{1}{2}\$ CO.\(^3\) Steam Barole Works, Nos. 217 to 223 West Prity-first street, near Broadway.

PAMPHLETS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FUR-nished at moderate prices by the METROPOLITAN PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, IIS Broadway, N. K.

CLOTHING. AT B. MINTE'S, 245 THIRD AVENUE, BETWEEN Twentieth and Twenty-first streets—The utmost value paid in cash for Cast-off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry, A note by post punctually attended to by Mr. or Mrs. Mints.

AT 81 SIXTH AVENUE, NEAR WAVERLEY A place. Ladies or gentlemen can receive the utmost value for cast off Clothing, &c. Call on or address Mr. or Mrs. Harris, No. 81. A T 266 SEVENTH AVENUE, SECOND DOOR ABOVE AN West Twenty-fourth street, second house-Lades and gentlemen may obtain the full value for their Westing Apparer, Carpeta, &c., by calling on or addressing Mr. or Mrs. ROSENBERG.

W HOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN CLOTH PRINTIPS ARE INVISED to Call at the METROPOLITAL PRINTIPS ASTABLISHMENT, in the Mercal Smilled to Obtain estingues on their printing, which can be cartilly estingues on their printing, which can be cartilly estingues on their printing.

FOR SALE.

A PIRST CLASS DRUG STORE-ON PROMINENT in the cash. Apply to JOHN RAMBO, 64 Broadway, room 30.

A FIRST CLASS SAMPLE ROOM: DOWN TOWN; best locations on Broadway. Apply to LLOYD, 28 Broadway.

A HANDSOME WHEELER & WILSON SEWING cost a lew months ago, \$15; will be sold for \$30. Call as 35 Bond street. A -FOR SALE, DOWNTOWN SAMPLE ROOMS, Restaurants, Oyster Saloons, Cigar Stores, corner Liquor Stores, Groceries, Tea Stores, Drug Stores, Con-tectioneries, Bakeries, Meat Markets, Carting Business, MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A NY PARTY HAVING LITTLE MONEY, WISHING Variety, Stationery and News Stands on West Side, which must be sold on account of III-health, should apply to BECKE, carle's Hotel.

A FIRST CLASS BAR AND CHOP HOUSE DOWN town, doing a good paying business, with lease. Apply to A. S., 78 East Ninth street.

A WHEELER & WILSON FIRST CLASS FAMILE Bewing Machine, cheased in black walnut; attachments complete; great sacrifice; only \$25. Wilson Gibbs', \$20. 285 Canai st., Broadway, under Baldwin's PAKERY FOR SALE-IN THE BEST LOCATION down town: well established and doing good business; a good lease; rent low. Apoly to THOMAS GAPF. NEY, Auctioneer, 18 North William street.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY FOR SALE. AP-FOR CHEAP PRINTING CALL ON THE METRO.
POLITAN PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 28

FOR SALE-A CANDY ROUTE, WITH HORSE AND Wagon; established over eight years; has a large sale of Hrunmel's cough drops; a profitable business for a young man Apply at A. H. BRUMMEL, 110 Grand street, New York, and MASON & CO., SS and 85 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. FOR SALE-FIRST CLASS SAMPLE AND LUNCH Room, on account of owner having other business to attend to. For information apply to WM. BURNS, No. 6 Barclay street. No agents.

FOR SALE-ABOUT 150 DOZEN OF SHOEMAKERS' Rasps, that, half round and oval; will be sold at a considerable reduction on manufacturer's prices. Address MANUFACTURKR, box 193 Herald office.

FOR SALE-AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, A GLASS POR SALE-PANCY GOODS STORE; FOUR YEARS' lease, at low rent; only \$800; \$500 cash: balance easy terms; inventory amounting to \$1,200; no old stock. 181 Smith street; Brooklyn. Mrs. G. L. ISAACS. FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A NEATLY PITTED up Clear Store and Samp e Room, 590 Third avenue; owner has other business. Call for three days.

FOR SALE-DINING ROOM AND LODGING HOUSE in good running order; 20 furnished rooms; sickness the cause of seiling. Inquire at 184 West street. FOR SALE-(ESTABLISHED IT YEARS) THE RES taurant and Boarding House No. 211 Eighth avenue between Twentieth and Twenty first streets

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS BUTCHER SHOP IN Tarrytown, N. Y.; the best of locations; a good neigh-borhood. Inquire at 323 Tenth avenue or in 313 Tenth av. FOR SALE-A GOOD PAYING FAMILY LIQUOR store on easy terms. Apply at 287 Seventh avenue. FOR SALE-A GOOD FISH MARKET, APPLY AT

FOR SALE CHEAP—A FIRST CLASS BAR AND RES-taurant, in a good budness location: no agents. For particulars apply to A. FREDERICK, 55 West Broadway. FOR SALE TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER-AN OLD Family Bible, printed in London in the year 1738. For further information address G., box 205 Fost office, Wilmington, N. C.

HAY AND FEED STORE FOR SALE-NO. 217 WEST low; terms easy. Apply at No. all Washington street, corner of Laight. OVER 700 RAILWOAD EMPLOYES OF RAILROAD company afford patronage to four restaurants daily doing its share of business, furnished and fitted, offered low, tavorably; sickness; rare chance. 1,114 third av.

CAFES.—A STOCK OF SECOND HAND SAFES, VA-prious makes, in good order, and fitted with combina-tion locks, selling low for cash; bargaina. AMERICAN SAFE COMPANY, 300 Broadway TO PLUMBERS.—FOR SALE, A FIRST CLASS
Plumbing and Gas Fixture Store, on one of the best
avenues in Brooklyn; good Stock and Tools; store fit ed
up in the best manner; will be sold cheap on account of
ceath of late owner. Apply at 99 Carlton avenue.

TIN WARE, HOUSE FURNISHING AND HARD ware business, many years established; complete tools machinery, horse waron, stock, first cost, spectocustom attached; about \$2.500; terms easy, skilled workmen remain; owner returning to Europa. Inquire at 4 Broadway, office No. 1, before 4 o'clock F. M.

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DEALERS IN MACHINERY, MANUFACTURESS and others needing Printing, can have it done in the best style by the METROPOLITAN PRINTING ENTABLISHMENT, No. 218 Broad way. RUBBER FACTORY—IN FIRST CLASS REPAIR, with Engine and Boiler, for sale and House to let, or for sale. Address RUBBER, Herald office. WANTED-A FEW GROSS MANILA PRESS
Papers for pressing cloths; second hand papers
would answer, if in good order and cheap. Apply to
BARREIT NEPHEWS & CO., Nos. 5 and 7 John afreet. WANTED-SECOND HAND STEAM ENGINE, 28 horse power, with two Bollers. Address VALES.

WANTED-A LIGHT, ONE SIDE SASH MOULDING, or Sticking Machine. Address MATHU, 143 East

WANTED-A GOOD SECOND HAND FOX LATHE square arbor, 15 inch swing. Address IRON-CLAR CAN COMPANY, 53 Fulton street.

12 HORSE POWER PORTABLE ENGINE AND a short inne: Utica Steam Engine Company make. Apply to NATIONAL IRON WORKS, New Brunswick, N. J. LOAN OFFICES A T 77 BLEECKER STREET, NEAR BROADWAY-Pianos, &c.; also Pawnbrokers' Tickets bought monds, Watches &c. 77 Bicecker street, un siairs.

AT HALF THE USUAL CHARGES—MONRY AD-vanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and other Securities. No. 79 Nassau street, between Futton and John. W. MACDUFF & CO. A -DIAMOND TRUST COMPANY, 817 BROADWAY, corner wellth street. -Money advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jeweiry, Silverware, Silks, Camel's Hair Shawls and Laces; same bought and sold ladies private office.

private office.

A MERICAN OFFICE.—\$75,000 ON DIAMONDS
Watches, Jeweiry, Silverware, India Shawis, Sika
Laces, Valuables, &c. The utmost value loaned, or will
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L. BARRINGER, 755 Broadway. A T 57 THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.—
A I pay the highest price for Diamonds, Watches,
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15AACS, 57 Initteenth street.

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39 NASSAU STREET.—LIBERAL ADVANCES
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To fourth and Twenty-fifth streets.—Liberal advances made on Diamonda, Watches, Jeweiry, Sika, Laces and Shawis. Same bought at full value.
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A UCTION ROOMS, 39 EAST THIRTEENTH STREET.— Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Parior Suits; Library, Extension and inachie top Tables; Bookenses, What Nots, Etagere, Linen Sheets, &c., at private sale, at aus-tion prices. A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CARPETS, FUENT ture and Bedding at lowest cash prices, at O'FAR-RELL', extensive warerooms, 410 Eighth avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets. Fayments taken weekly or mouthly.

A -WEERLY AND MONTHLY PAYMENTS FOR A. Furniture, Carpets and Bedding, at B. M. COW-PERTHWAIT & CO'S, 156 and 157 Chatham street. As immense stock and low prices.

PRIVATE PANILY IN PRESSING CIRCUM A stances will sell their magnificent, latest style sain brocade Parlor Suit, cost \$500, for \$175: Marie A toinette style, \$50; brocate; and rep Suits, \$50 and \$5 Bedroom Suits, with Dressing Cases, \$40 up; Carpet rosewood Planuloric, library, dinlug room Puralture, sacrifice. 105 West 28th st., near 6th avenue.

A MAGNIFICENT SATIN PARLOR SUIT, COST 500 for \$200; one do. \$100; rep suit, Marie Autoineus style \$85; rep suit, \$30; Carpera, Mirrors, Bookcase, Centrables, Chamber Suit, solid rosewood and black walkul complete, \$70 upward; Bedsteads, Dressing Cases, Bedding, Mairresses, &c. in lots to suit purchasers. Call a private residence 120 West Twenty-third street, acc sixth avenue.

Purniture.
Beds, Bedding, &c.
Payments taken
by the week or month.
Terms easy.

corner of Twenty-fifth street and Sixth aven DEGRAAF & COCHRANE, MANUFACTURERS, 152 and 154 West Twenty-third street, Large Assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture.

20 per cent below regular prices.

Great clearing out sale for the next thirty days of Capets, Karniture, &c., to make room for our spring stock.

D. K.-LLY (successor to H. O'Parroll),

200, 517, 514 and 516 Kignth svenus,
corner Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth streets,

N. B.—All goods shipped free of charge.

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL TO BUT rope of the occupant, the entire Furniture of the four story brown stone stones No. 63 Reat sixty-stores arrest together with Carpets Plano and household Utensita all atmost new a splendid chance for a familion to commence housekeeping. Also use Rouse to its about to commence housekeeping.

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